

SPECIAL RELEASE

Age and Sex Distribution San Lorenzo Municipality: 2020 CPH

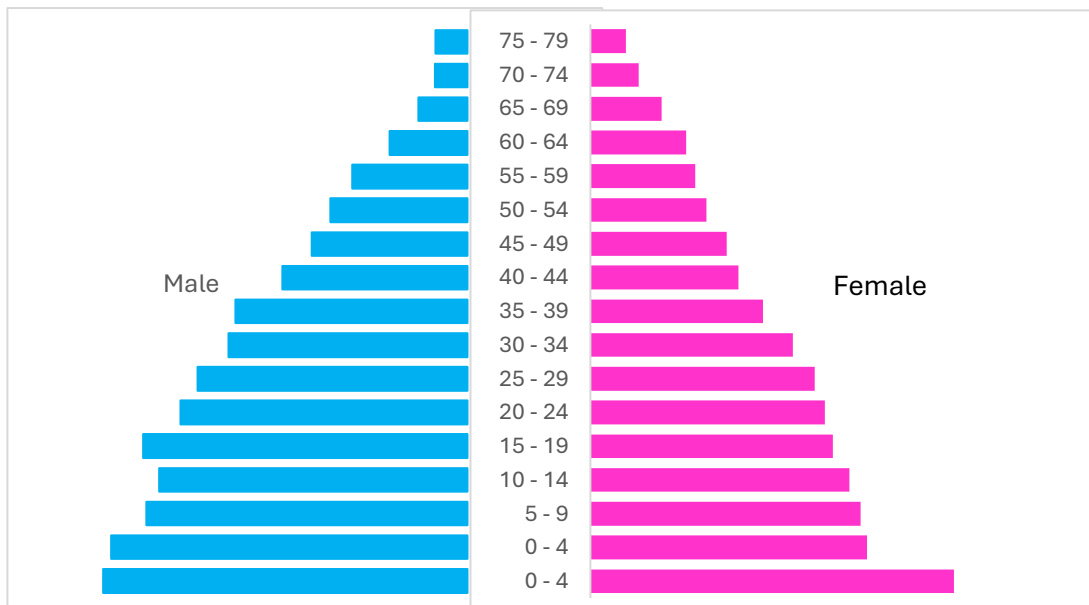
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The municipality of San Lorenzo, Guimaras had a total population of 29,444 and a total household population of 29,439 persons based on the 2020 Census of Population and Housing (2020 CPH).

Of the 29,439-household population in San Lorenzo, Guimaras, 15,250 (51.80%) were males while 14,189 (48.20%) were females. Young dependents (0-14 years old) totaled at 8,829 accounted 29.99% of the total household populations, comprised mostly of males with 51.63 percent while 1,874 (6.34%) were old dependents aged 65 years old and over, mostly females accounting 55.34%.

The working-age or economically-active household population in San Lorenzo (15-64 years old) reached 18,736 comprised 63.64% of the municipal total, dominated by males which accounted 52.60%.

Figure 1. Age-Sex Population Pyramid of San Lorenzo, Guimaras: 2020



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing

Female households' population out-lived males, dominating their male counterparts from age groups 60 years and over with 7.0 percentage points gender gap. Males of these age group totaled at 1,341 comprised 46.50 percent of the municipal total household population while females recorded at 1,543 accounted 53.50 percent.

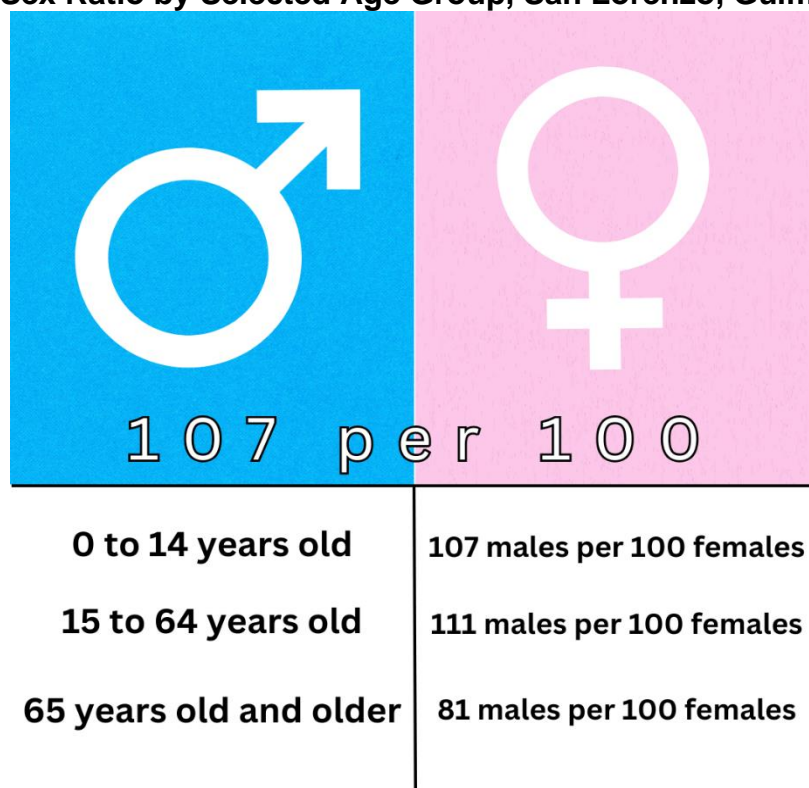
Compared to 2015, there was a slight change in the percentage but still a male dominated with 51.88 percent. Likewise, household population aged 0 to 59 years old comprised of 52.16 percent males and 47.84 percent females. However, among the older age group (60 years and over), females with 51.88 percent share outnumbered the males with 48.12 percent.

Sex ratio stands at 107 males per 100 females

The sex ratio in San Lorenzo, Guimaras was computed at 107 in 2020. This means that there were 107 males for every 100 females. The sex ratio in 2015 was higher at 108 males per 100 females.

In 2020, children aged below 15 years had a sex ratio of 107 males per 100 females. On the other hand, those aged 15 to 64 years had a sex ratio of 111 males per 100 females. Moreover, among those aged 60 years and over, the sex ratio was 87 males per 100 females. This depicts a longer life expectancy among females than males or a higher mortality rate among males than females in the older age groups.

Figure 2. Sex Ratio by Selected Age Group, San Lorenzo, Guimaras: 2020



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing

More males than females in children under five years old

The sex ratio for children under five years old in 2020 was 109 males per 100 females, higher than the 2015 ratio of 104 males per 100 females. Additionally, children under five comprised 10.40 percent of the household population in 2020, a decrease from 10.69 percent in 2015.

Table 1. Number and Percent to All Ages of Household Population and Sex by Age Group, San Lorenzo, Guimaras: 2020 and 2015

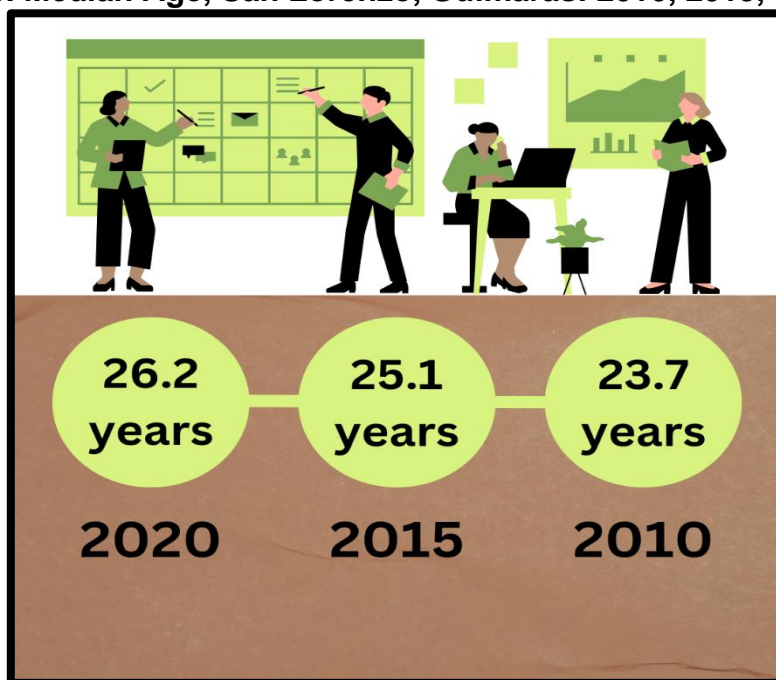
Age Group and Year	Number			Percent to All Ages			Sex Ratio
	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Both Sexes	Male	Female	
2020							
All Ages	29,439	15,250	14,189	100.0	100.0	100.0	107
0 - 4	3,061	1,595	1,466	10.4	10.5	10.3	109
5 - 9	2,991	1,559	1,432	10.2	10.2	10.1	109
10 - 14	2,777	1,404	1,373	9.4	9.2	9.7	102
15 - 19	2,632	1,348	1,284	8.9	8.8	9.0	105
20 - 24	2,660	1,418	1,242	9.0	9.3	8.8	114
25 - 29	2,443	1,255	1,188	8.3	8.2	8.4	106
30 - 34	2,252	1,180	1,072	7.6	7.7	7.6	110
35 - 39	1,958	1,045	913	6.7	6.9	6.4	114
40 - 44	1,799	1,014	785	6.1	6.6	5.5	129
45 - 49	1,531	810	721	5.2	5.3	5.1	112
50 - 54	1,296	682	614	4.4	4.5	4.3	111
55 - 59	1,155	599	556	3.9	3.9	3.9	108
60 - 64	1,010	504	506	3.4	3.3	3.6	100
65 - 69	718	341	377	2.4	2.2	2.7	90
70 - 74	470	214	256	1.6	1.4	1.8	84
75 - 79	330	142	188	1.1	0.9	1.3	76
80 years old and over	356	140	216	1.2	0.9	1.5	65
2015							
All Ages	26,104	13,542	12,562	100.0	100.0	100.0	108
0 - 4	2,790	1,424	1,366	10.7	10.5	10.9	104
5 - 9	2,769	1,393	1,376	10.6	10.3	11.0	101
10 - 14	2,558	1,341	1,217	9.8	9.9	9.7	110
15 - 19	2,536	1,322	1,214	9.7	9.8	9.7	109
20 - 24	2,373	1,265	1,108	9.1	9.3	8.8	114
25 - 29	2,170	1,165	1,005	8.3	8.6	8.0	116
30 - 34	1,903	1,025	878	7.3	7.6	7.0	117
35 - 39	1,709	952	757	6.5	7.0	6.0	126
40 - 44	1,553	833	720	5.9	6.2	5.7	116
45 - 49	1,316	678	638	5.0	5.0	5.1	106
50 - 54	1,127	572	555	4.3	4.2	4.4	103
55 - 59	1,008	511	497	3.9	3.8	4.0	103
60 - 64	783	391	392	3.0	2.9	3.1	100
65 - 69	546	246	300	2.1	1.8	2.4	82
70 - 74	409	193	216	1.6	1.4	1.7	89
75 - 79	286	118	168	1.1	0.9	1.3	70
80 years old and over	268	113	155	1.0	0.8	1.2	73

Sources: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing and 2015 Census of Population Note: Details may not add up to total due to rounding

Median age measures at 26.2 years

The median age of San Lorenzo, Guimaras household population continues to increase during the past three censuses. In 2020, the median age was computed at 26.2 years, which means that half of the household population was younger than 26.2 years, while the other half is older than 26.2 years. This is higher than the median ages of 25.1 and 23.7 years that was posted in 2015 and 2010, respectively.

Figure 3. Median Age, San Lorenzo, Guimaras: 2010, 2015, and 2020



Sources: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2010 and 2020 Census of Population and Housing and 2015 Census of Population

Dependency ratio decreases to 57 dependents per 100 persons

The overall dependency ratio of San Lorenzo, Guimaras in 2020 was 57, meaning that for every 100 working-age or economically active individuals, there were about 57 dependents (47 young dependents and 10 old dependents). This is lower than the dependency ratio in 2015, which was 58 dependents per 100 working-age individuals (49 young dependents and 9 old dependents).

Table 2. Age dependency Ratio of the Household Population by Sex, San Lorenzo, Guimaras: 2015 and 2020

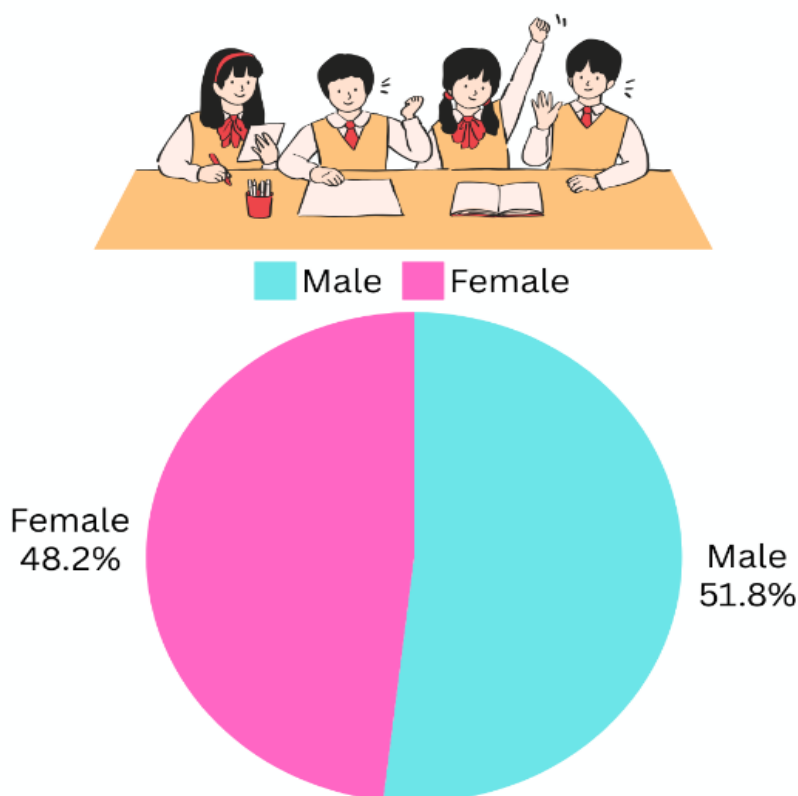
Dependency	2020			2015		
	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Both Sexes	Male	Female
Overall	57	54	60	58	56	62
Young	47	46	48	49	48	51
Old	10	8	12	9	8	11

Sources: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing and 2015 Census of Population

Almost two in every five-household population are of school age

In 2020, the school-age population (5 to 24 years old) accounted for 11,060 (37.6%) of the household population which is lower compared to the 10,236 (39.2%) school-age population in 2015. Moreover, there were more males (51.8%) than females (48.2%) of the school-age population in 2020.

Figure 4. Percentage Distribution of School-age Population 5 to 24 Years Old by Sex, San Lorenzo, Guimaras: 2020

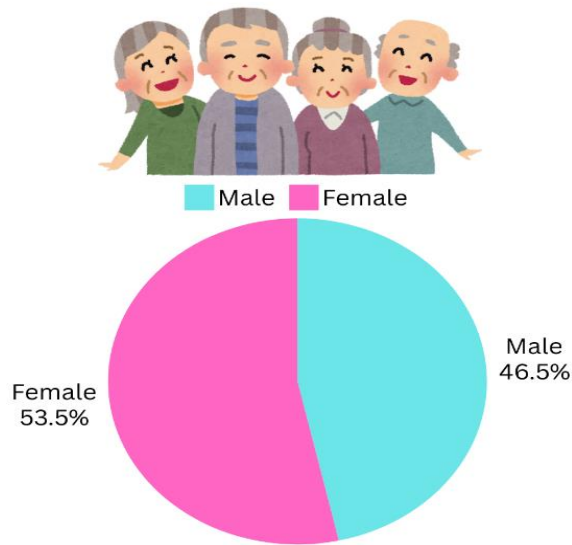


Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing

Senior citizens accounts for 9.8 percent of the household population

In San Lorenzo, Guimaras, people aged 60 years old and over regarded as senior citizens, made up 9.8 percent (2,884 persons) of the household population in 2020, higher than the 8.8 percent (2,292 persons) recorded in 2015. There were more females (53.5%) than males (46.5%) among the senior citizens in 2020. In 2015, there was a slight change in the percentage but still it was a female dominated with comprising 53.7%.

Figure 5. Percentage Distribution of Senior Citizens by Sex, San Lorenzo, Guimaras: 2020

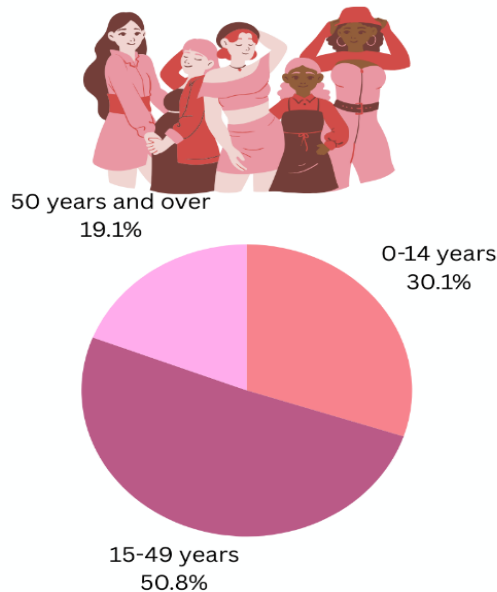


Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing

Half of the female population are of reproductive age

Women of reproductive age (15 to 49 years old) totaled to 7,205 or 50.8 percent of the 14,189 female household population in 2020. This percentage was higher compared to the 50.3 percent or 12,562 females posted in 2015.

Figure 6. Percentage Distribution of Women by Selected Age Group, San Lorenzo, Guimaras: 2020

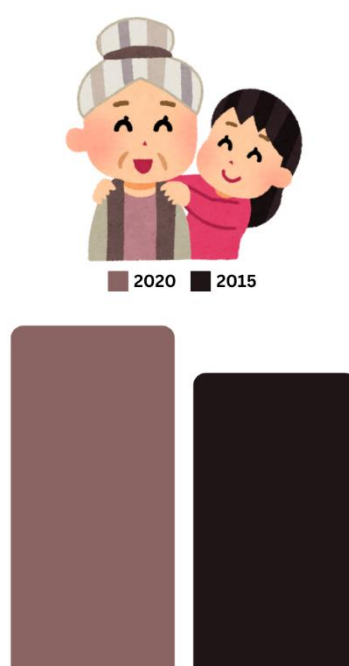


Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing

Aging index is higher by 3.4 percentage points

In San Lorenzo, Guimaras, the aging index or the proportion of persons aged 60 years and over per 100 persons under the age of 15 years was computed at 34.6 percent in 2020. This means that there are about two (2) persons aged 60 years and over for every five (5) children under 15 years old. The aging index was lower in 2015 at 31.2 percent.

Figure 7. Aging Index, San Lorenzo, Guimaras: 2020 and 2015



Sources: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing and 2015 Census of Population

TECHNICAL NOTES

The Philippine Statistics Authority conducted the 2020 Census of Population and Housing (2020 CPH) in September 2020, with 01 May 2020 as reference date.

The 2020 CPH was the 15th census of population and 7th census of housing that was undertaken in the Philippines since the first census in 1903. It was designed to take inventory of the total population and housing units in the country and collect information about their characteristics.

The Philippine Standard Geographic Codes as of April 2022 was used for the disaggregation of geographic levels of the 2020 CPH.

Age refers to the interval of time between the person's date of birth and his/her last birthday prior to the census reference date. It is expressed in completed years or whole number.

Aging index is calculated as the number of persons 60 years old and over per one hundred persons under the age of 15 years.

Aging of population is a process in which the proportions of adults and elderly increase in a population, while the proportions of children and adolescents decrease. This process results in a rise in the median age of the population. Aging occurs when fertility rates decline while life expectancy remains constant or improves at the older ages.

Household is a social unit consisting of person or a group of persons who sleep in the same housing unit and have a common arrangement in the preparation and consumption of food.

Household population refers to all persons who are members of the household.

Median age is the age that divides the population into two numerically equal groups; that is, half of the population are younger than this age and the other half are older.

Overall dependency ratio is the number of persons under 15 years old (young dependents) and persons aged 65 and older (old dependents) per one hundred persons 15 to 64 years old (working-age or economically-productive group) in a population.

Population pyramid is a bar chart, arranged vertically, that shows the distribution of a population by age and sex. By convention, the younger ages are at the bottom, with males on the left and females on the right.

Sex is the biological and physiological reality of being a male or female.

Sex ratio is the number of males per one hundred females in a population.

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