

SPECIAL RELEASE

2024 Livestock and Poultry Statistics in Western Visayas

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Explanatory Notes

This special release presents the preliminary result of the 2024 Livestock and Poultry Volume of Production and Inventory of Western Visayas. The 2023 data were also included to analyze the changes and compare the region's livestock and poultry production volume and inventory. The information in this special release was obtained from www.openstat.psa.gov.ph, analyzed, and presented in tables and charts.

Carabao production grow in 2024

Carabao production grew by 2.0 percent in 2024, registering at 17,507 metric tons. Meanwhile, Cattle production recorded a decrease of 2.2 percent, with a production of 18,594 metric tons, compared to the previous year's production of 19,007 metric tons.

Moreover, Hog production was estimated at 100,178 metric tons in 2024, declined by 36.8 percent against the production of 158,470 metric tons in 2023. Similarly, Goat production decreased by 20.1 percent, from 7,105 metric tons in 2023 to 5,676 metric tons in 2024. (Table 1)

Table 1. Livestock Volume of Production by Animal Type,
Western Visayas: 2023 and 2024^P (in metric tons)

Commodity (liveweight)	2023	2024	Percent Change
Carabao	17,159	17,507	↑ 2.0
Cattle	19,007	18,594	↓ -2.2
Hog	158,470	100,178	↓ -36.8
Goat	7,105	5,676	↓ -20.1

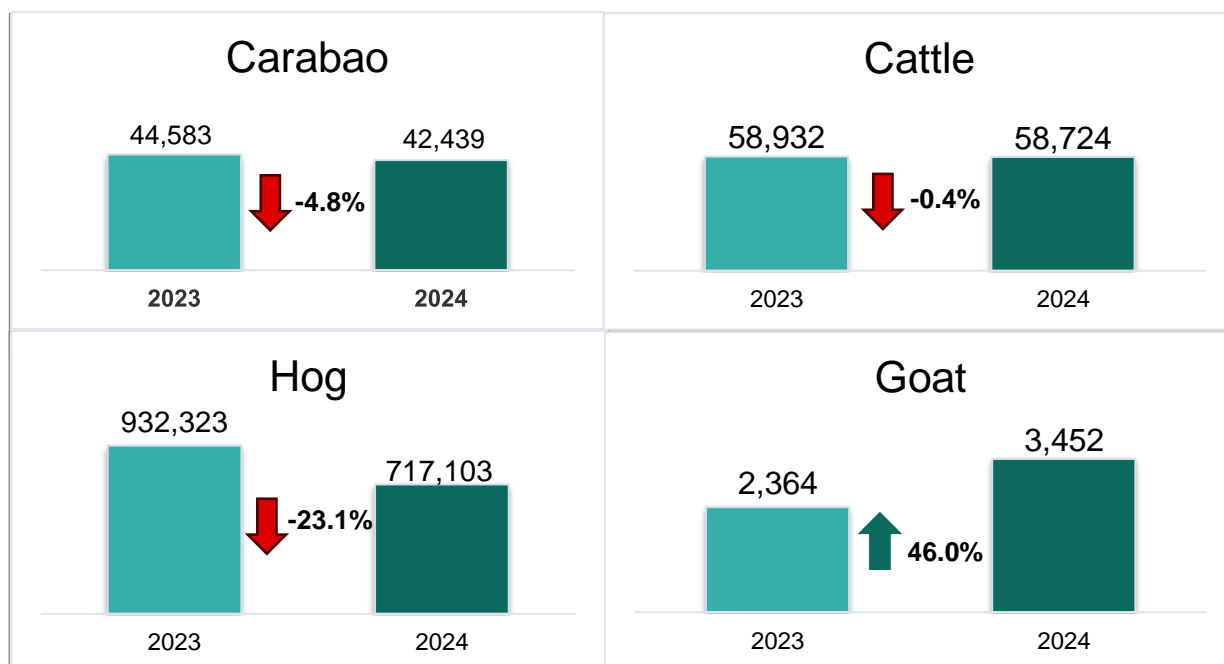
Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, www.openstat.psa.gov.ph
^P-preliminary

Carabao, Cattle, and Hog slaughtered in slaughterhouses decline in 2024

In 2024, about 42,439 heads of Carabao were slaughtered in slaughterhouses in Western Visayas with a decrease of 4.8 percent from the previous year. Likewise, 58,724 heads of Cattle were slaughtered, resulting in a decline of 0.4 percent.

Further, Hogs slaughtered in slaughterhouses in Western Visayas contracted to 23.1 percent or 717,103 heads in 2024. Meanwhile, Goats slaughtered recorded an increase of 46.0 percent or 3,452 heads. (Figure 1)

Figure 1. Livestock Slaughtered in Slaughterhouses, Western Visayas: 2023 and 2024^P (in heads)



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, www.openstat.gov.ph
^P-preliminary

Negros Occidental contributes half of the Region’s Livestock inventory

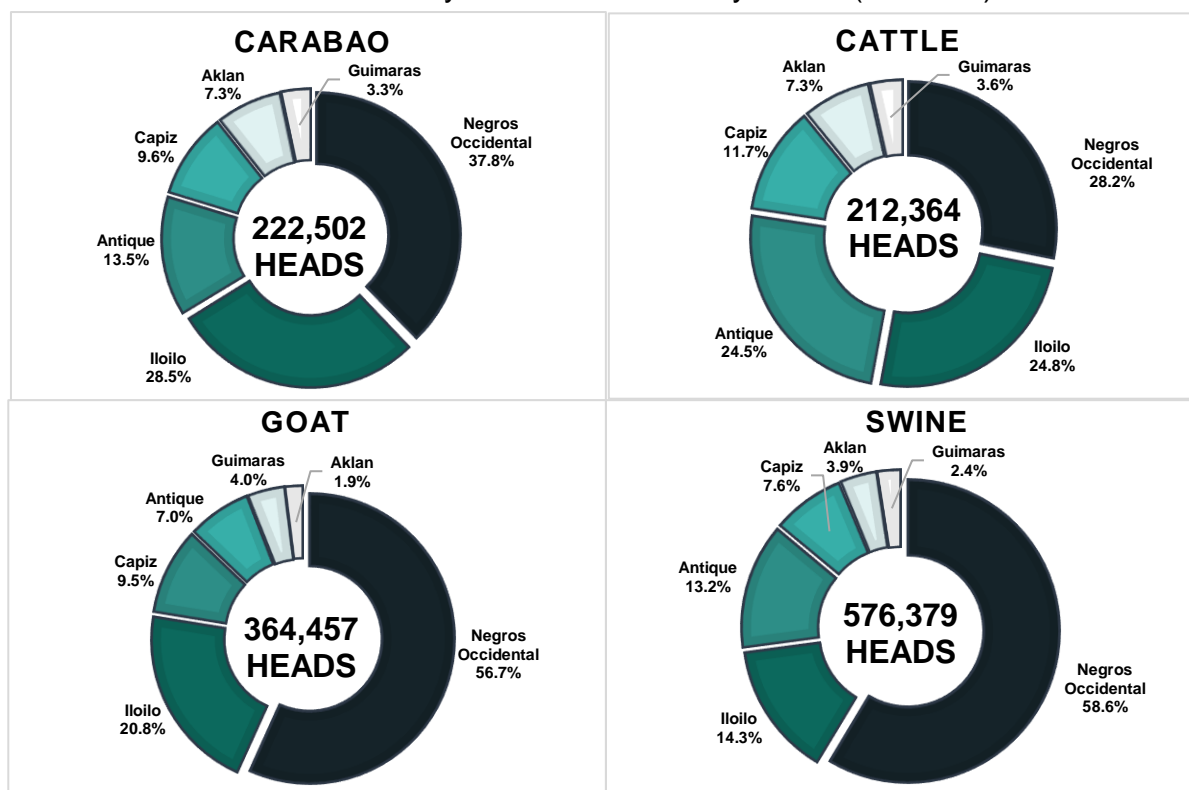
Carabao inventory in Western Visayas as of 01 January 2025 was recorded at 222,502 heads, with Negros Occidental and Iloilo sharing 37.8 percent and 28.5 percent, respectively. Meanwhile, Cattle inventory was estimated at 212,364 heads of which 59,808 heads or 28.2 percent were from Negros Occidental. This is followed by Iloilo and Antique with 52,583 heads and 51,991 heads, or 24.8 percent and 24.5 percent share, respectively.

Moreover, Goat inventory was estimated at 364,457 heads during the same reference period. Negros Occidental accounted for more than half or 56.7 percent of the Goat inventory of Western Visayas. The second top contributor was Iloilo recording 75,904 heads at 20.8 percent.

In the same period, Western Visayas registered the Swine inventory at 576,379 heads, with the share of Negros Occidental at 58.6 percent or 337,693 heads.

Meanwhile, Iloilo and Antique accounted for 14.3 percent and 13.2 percent share, respectively. (Figure 2)

Figure 2. Percent Distribution of Livestock Inventory by Animal Type and by Province, Western Visayas: as of 01 January 2025^P (in heads)



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, www.openstat.gov.ph
^P-preliminary

Chicken and Chicken Eggs production increase in 2024

In 2024, the volume of production of Chicken and Chicken Eggs increased compared to 2023. The volume of Chicken production grew by 6.7 percent, registering 140,767 metric tons. Meanwhile, Chicken Eggs registered 45,830 metric tons or an increase of 14.5 percent compared to the previous year.

On the contrary, production of Duck and Duck Eggs reached 2,688 metric tons or a decrease of 1.3 percent and 4,070 metric tons or a decrease of 5.5 percent, respectively. (Table 2)

Table 2. Poultry and Eggs Volume of Production by Poultry Type, Western Visayas: 2023 and 2024^P (in metric tons)

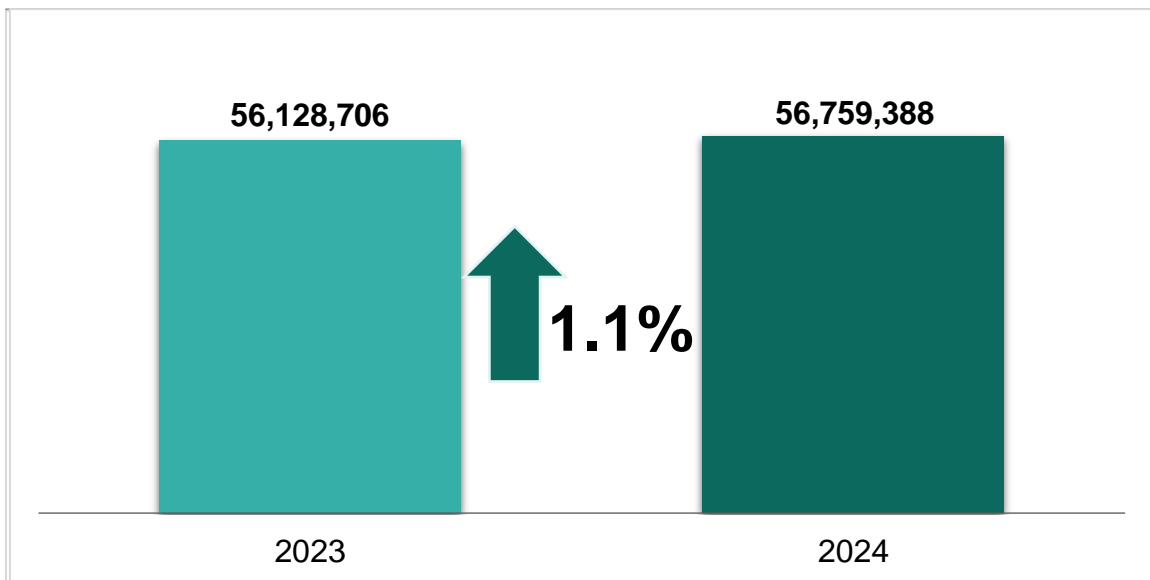
Poultry type	2023	2024	Percent Change
Chicken (liveweight)	131,926	140,767	↑ 6.7
Duck (liveweight)	2,722	2,688	↓ -1.3
Chicken Eggs	40,015	45,830	↑ 14.5
Duck Eggs	4,306	4,070	↓ -5.5

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, www.openstat.gov.ph
^P-preliminary

Chickens dressed in Poultry Dressing Plants in Western Visayas reach over 50M birds

In 2024, the number of Chickens dressed in poultry dressing plants was at 56,759,388 birds. There was an increase of 630,682 birds or 1.1 percent from the same period in 2023. (Figure 3)

Figure 3. Chickens Dressed in Poultry Dressing Plants, Western Visayas: 2023 and 2024^P (in birds)

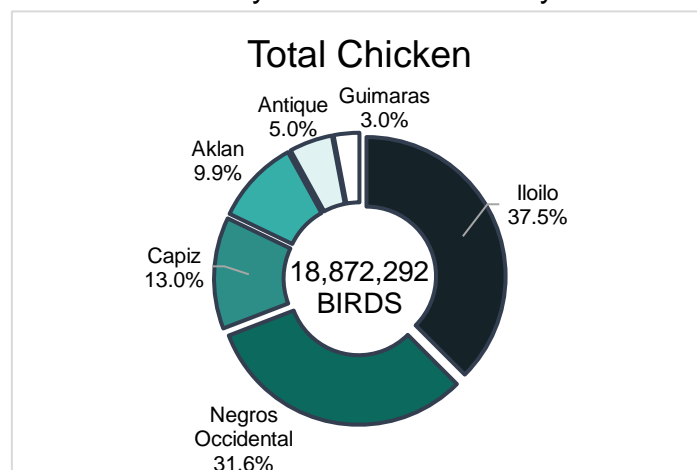


Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, www.openstat.gov.ph
^P-preliminary

Iloilo and Negros Occidental lead in Total Chicken inventory as of 01 January 2025

The Western Visayas Total Chicken Inventory as of 01 January 2025 was at 18,872,292 birds. The provinces of Iloilo and Negros Occidental were the top contributors to the region's inventory, accounting for 37.5 percent and 31.6 percent, respectively. (Figure 4)

Figure 4. Percent Distribution of Total Chicken Inventory by Province, Western Visayas: as of 01 January 2025^P



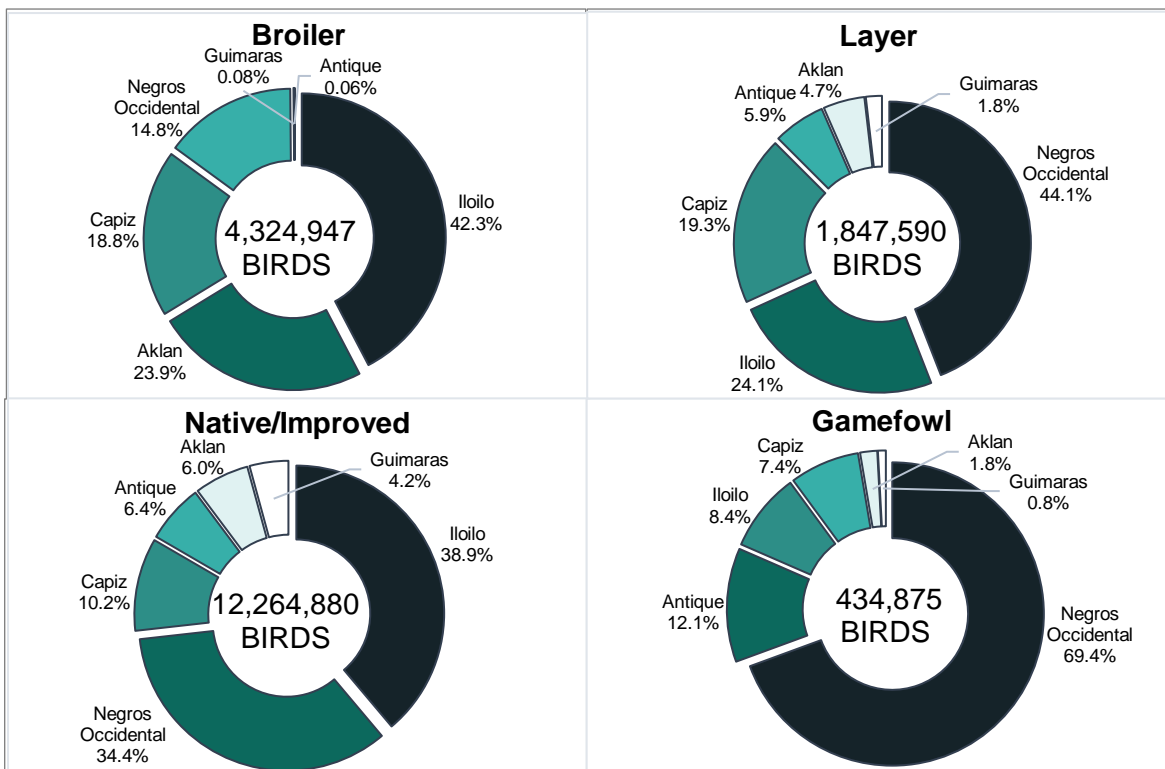
The Broiler Chicken inventory in the region reached a total of 4,324,947 birds, with 42.3 percent and 23.9 percent share of Iloilo and Aklan, respectively. Capiz contributed 18.8 percent and Negros Occidental about 14.8 percent. Guimaras and Antique on the other hand, contributed less than 1.0 percent each.

Meanwhile, Layer Chicken inventory was at 1,847,590 birds, with Negros Occidental contributing 44.1 percent and Iloilo with 24.1 percent. Capiz followed with about 19.3 percent.

Also, as of 01 January 2025, Western Visayas' Native/Improved Chicken inventory was at 12,264,880 birds. This type of Chicken accounted for about 65.0 percent of the total chicken inventory in the region. Of the Native/Improved Chicken inventory, Iloilo and Negros Occidental had the highest contribution with 38.9 percent and 34.4 percent, respectively.

Further, Gamefowl inventory in Western Visayas as of 01 January 2025 was posted at 434,875 birds, with province of Negros Occidental accounting for more than half of the region's inventory at 69.4 percent. The remaining provinces had a total share of only 30.6 percent. (Figure 5)

Figure 5. Percent Distribution of Chicken Inventory by Chicken Type and by Province, Western Visayas: as of 01 January 2025^P (in birds)

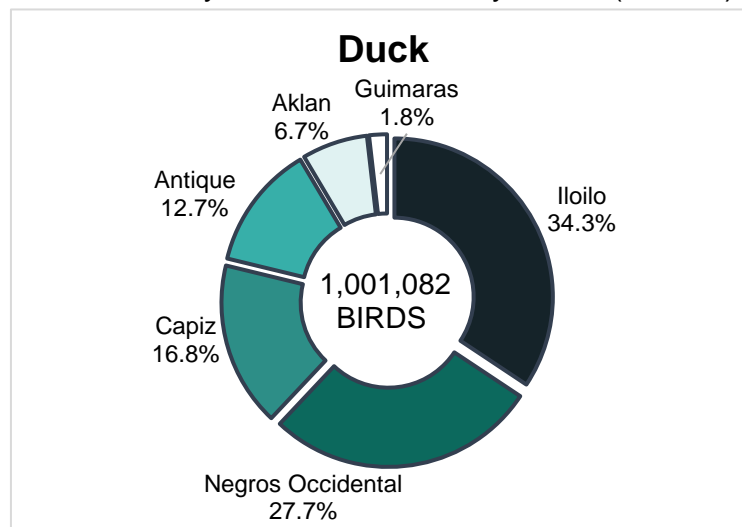


Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, www.openstat.gov.ph
^P-preliminary

Iloilo and Negros Occidental top Duck inventory as of 01 January 2025

The Western Visayas Duck Inventory as of 01 January 2025 was at 1,001,082 birds. The provinces of Iloilo and Negros Occidental were the top contributors to the region's inventory, accounting for 34.3 percent and 27.7 percent, respectively. (Figure 6)

Figure 6. Percent Distribution of Duck Inventory by Province, Western Visayas: as of 01 January 2025^P (in birds)



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, www.openstat.gov.ph
^P-preliminary

TECHNICAL NOTES

Livestock

Farm animals are kept or raised for consumption and work. For purposes of census and surveys, livestock covers only those that are tended and raised by households and establishments.

Poultry

A collective term for all domesticated avian for the purpose of food consumption or, the carcasses of such avian are processed for human consumption.

Slaughterhouse/ Poultry Dressing Plant

The premises that are approved and registered by a controlling authority in which food animals are slaughtered/dressed for human consumption.

Volume of Production

The number of tended/raised animals disposed for slaughter/dressing including animals shipped out for slaughter/dressing (in "head/bird" and in "liveweight equivalent").

Animal Inventory

The actual number of animals (in head/bird) present on the farm as of a specific reference date regardless of ownership.

Broiler

Strains of foreign breeds of chicken, especially raised for meat purposes only.

Layer

Foreign strain chicken regardless of age, raised mainly for egg production.

Native/Improved Chicken

A common backyard fowl that is a mixture of native breeds and foreign breeds which include Banaba, Bolinao, Kabir, Bantam, Paroakan, and Heritage Chicken.

Gamefowl

A domesticated chicken, regardless of breed, age, sex, raised solely for game or recreation purposes. For this survey, it is defined as domesticated chicken regardless of breed, age, and sex, primarily used for breeding purposes.



NELIDA C. AMOLAR
(Chief Statistical Specialist)
Officer-in-Charge