

SPECIAL RELEASE

Livestock and Poultry Production in Western Visayas: Third Quarter of 2023

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Explanatory Notes

This special release presents the preliminary result of Third Quarter 2023 Livestock and Poultry Volume of Production and Inventory of Western Visayas. The third quarter of 2022 data were also included in this special release to obtain analysis on the changes and comparison of livestock and poultry volume of production and inventory in the region. The information presented in this special release was taken from www.openstat.psa.gov.ph. The information was further analyzed and presented in tables and charts.

Higher Carabao, and Goat production in the third quarter of 2023

Two of the four livestock animal types in Western Visayas recorded increases in production during the third quarter of 2023 compared with the same quarter last year. Carabao production, estimated at 4,542.83 metric tons, grew by 9.7 percent against last year's production. Similarly, Goat production increased by 10.4 percent, or at 1,656.11 metric tons.

In the same period, Cattle production contracted by -3.1 percent, registering at 4,408.20 metric tons. Meanwhile, Hog production recorded a decline of -37.0 percent, or a production of 33,109.82 metric tons compared to the previous year's production of 52,535.65 metric tons. (Table 1)

Table 1. Livestock Volume of Production by Commodity,
Western Visayas: Third Quarter 2022, and Third Quarter 2023 (in metric tons)

Commodity (live wt.)	Q3 2022	Q3 2023	Percent Change
Carabao	4,143.24	4,542.83	9.7
Cattle	4,550.75	4,408.20	-3.1
Hog	52,535.65	33,109.82	-37.0
Goat	1,500.24	1,656.11	10.4

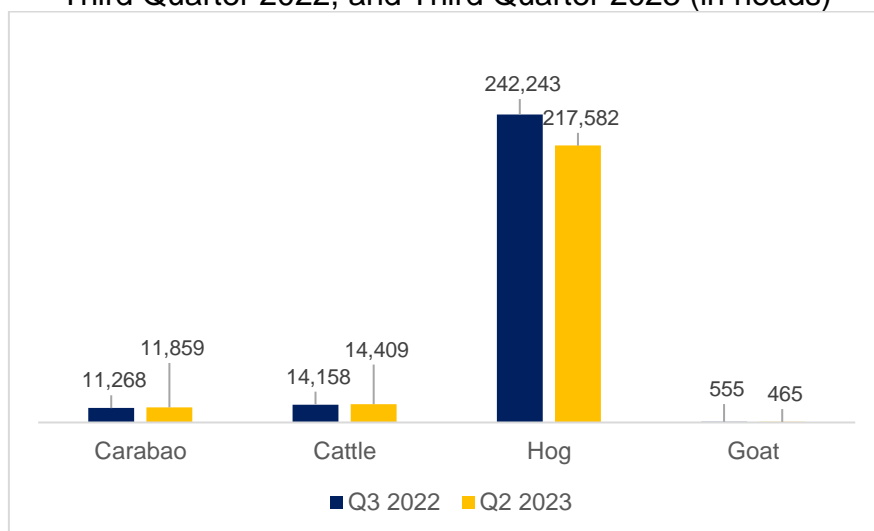
Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, www.openstat.gov.ph

More Carabao, and Cattle slaughtered in the third quarter of 2023

In the third quarter of 2023, there was an increase in slaughtering of Carabaos, and Cattle in slaughterhouses in comparison with the same quarter of the previous year. During this period, an increase of 5.2 percent or 591 heads was recorded for Carabaos slaughtered in slaughterhouses, while a 1.8 percent increase or 251 heads was recorded for Cattle slaughtering.

On the other hand, the number of Hogs slaughtered in slaughterhouses in Western Visayas was recorded at 217,582 heads, a decrease of -10.2 percent against the same period last year. Similarly, Goat slaughtering posted a decline in the same period, recording a difference of 90 heads, or a decrease of -16.2 percent. (Figure 1)

Figure 1. Livestock Slaughtered in Slaughterhouses, Western Visayas: Third Quarter 2022, and Third Quarter 2023 (in heads)



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, www.openstat.gov.ph

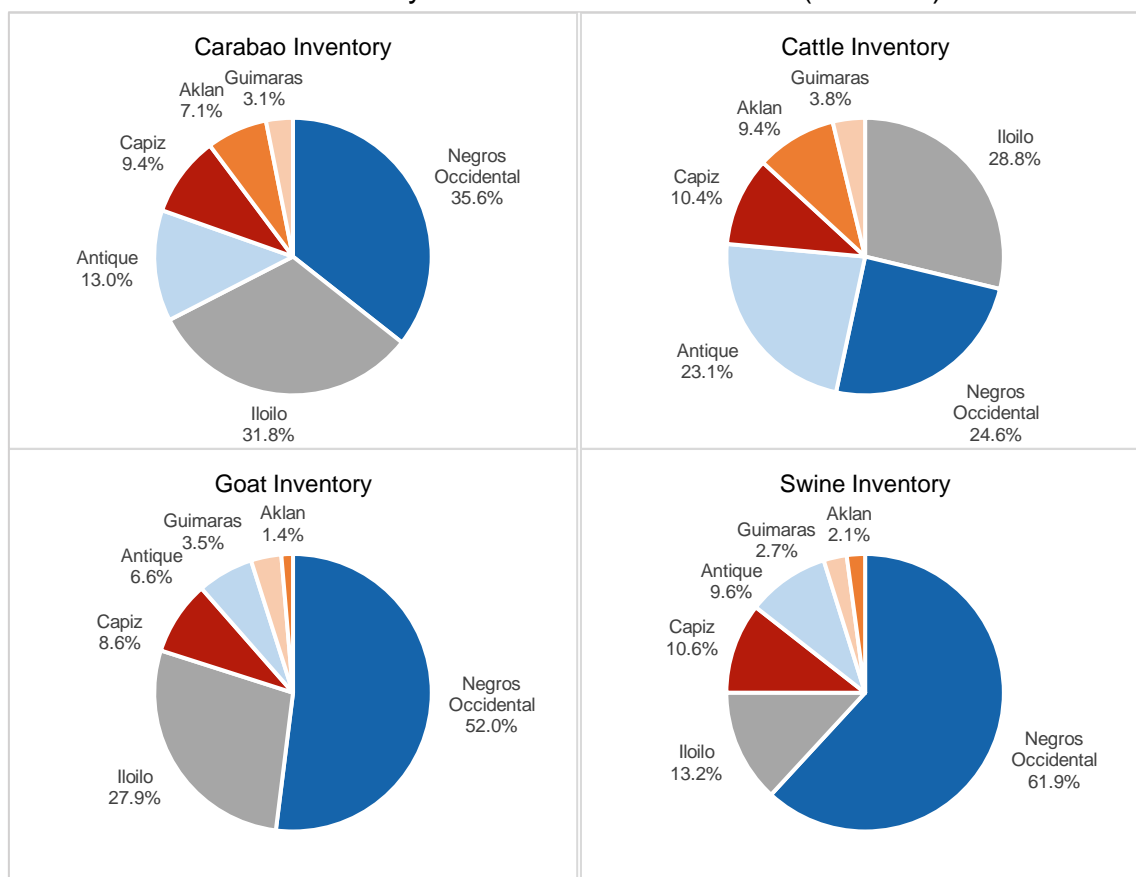
More Livestock Inventory in Negros Occidental and Iloilo as of 01 October 2023

Carabao inventory in Western Visayas as of 01 October 2023 was recorded at 251,571 heads, with 35.6 percent and 31.8 percent share, in Negros Occidental and Iloilo, respectively. Cattle inventory was estimated at 237,870 heads, in which 68,396 heads, or 28.8 percent, were in Iloilo. This is followed by Negros Occidental and Antique with 58,546 heads and 54,925 thousand heads, respectively.

Moreover, Goat inventory was estimated at 400,178 heads during the same reference period. Negros Occidental accounted to more than half or 52.0 percent to the Goat inventory of Western Visayas. The second top contributor to the Goat inventory of the region was Iloilo, recording 111,834 heads.

In the same period, Western Visayas registered a Swine inventory of 667,721 heads, wherein the share of Negros Occidental was recorded at 61.9 percent, or 413,024 heads. Meanwhile, Iloilo and Capiz accounted for 13.2 percent, and 10.6 percent, respectively. (Figure 2)

Figure 2. Livestock Inventory Distribution by Animal Type and by Province, Western Visayas: as of 01 October 2023 (in heads)



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, www.openstat.gov.ph

Chicken Egg production in Western Visayas increased by 13.0 percent in the third quarter of 2023

In the third quarter of 2023, production of Chicken Eggs reached 10,546.17 metric tons, an increase of 1,209.88 metric tons or 13.0 percent compared to the same period in 2022.

On the other hand, the volume of production of Chicken, Duck, and Duck eggs decreased during the same reference period. The volume of Chicken production contracted by -5.2 percent, registering 32,940.81 metric tons, while Duck production, estimated at 649.50 metric tons, declined by -3.6 percent. Duck Eggs production, posting a decline of -3.8 percent, was recorded at 1,029.71 metric tons. (Table 2)

Table 2. Poultry and Eggs Volume of Production by Commodity, Western Visayas: Third Quarter 2022, and Third Quarter 2023 (in metric tons)

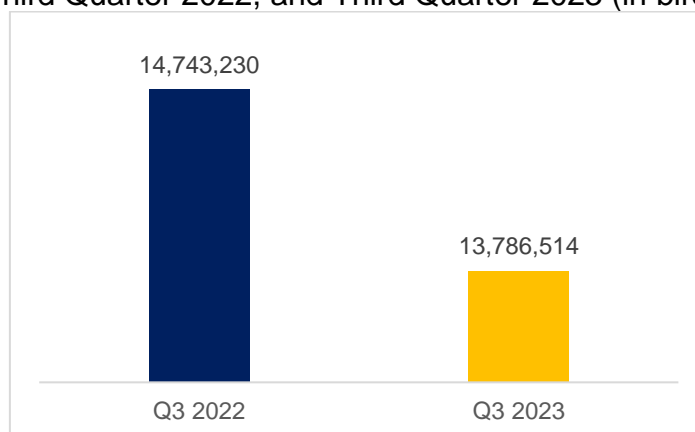
Commodity	Q3 2022	Q3 2023	Percent Change
Chicken (live wt.)	34,639.84	32,840.81	-5.2
Duck (live wt.)	673.75	649.50	-3.6
Chicken Eggs	9,336.29	10,546.17	13.0
Duck Eggs	1,108.26	1,029.71	-7.1

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, www.openstat.gov.ph

Chickens dressed in Western Visayas reached 13,786,514 birds

In the third quarter of 2023, the number of Chickens dressed in dressing plants was estimated at 13,786,514 birds. This was a decrease of 956,716 birds or -6.5 percent from the same period in 2022.

Figure 3. Chickens Dressed in Dressing Plants, Western Visayas:
Third Quarter 2022, and Third Quarter 2023 (in birds)



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, www.openstat.gov.ph

Provinces of Iloilo, and Negros Occidental lead in total Chicken inventory as of 01 October 2023

Western Visayas Chicken Inventory as of 01 October 2023 was recorded at 20,000,933 birds, with the provinces of Iloilo, and Negros Occidental as top contributors, accounting for 39.4 percent and 35.6 percent, respectively.

Moreover, the Broiler Chicken inventory in the region reached a total of 5,917,730 birds, with more than half or 51.4 percent accounted to Negros Occidental. Iloilo contributed 27.6 percent; Capiz about 12.8 percent; and Aklan about 8.1 percent. The provinces of Antique (0.1 percent) and Guimaras (0.03 percent) both contributed less than 1.0 percent.

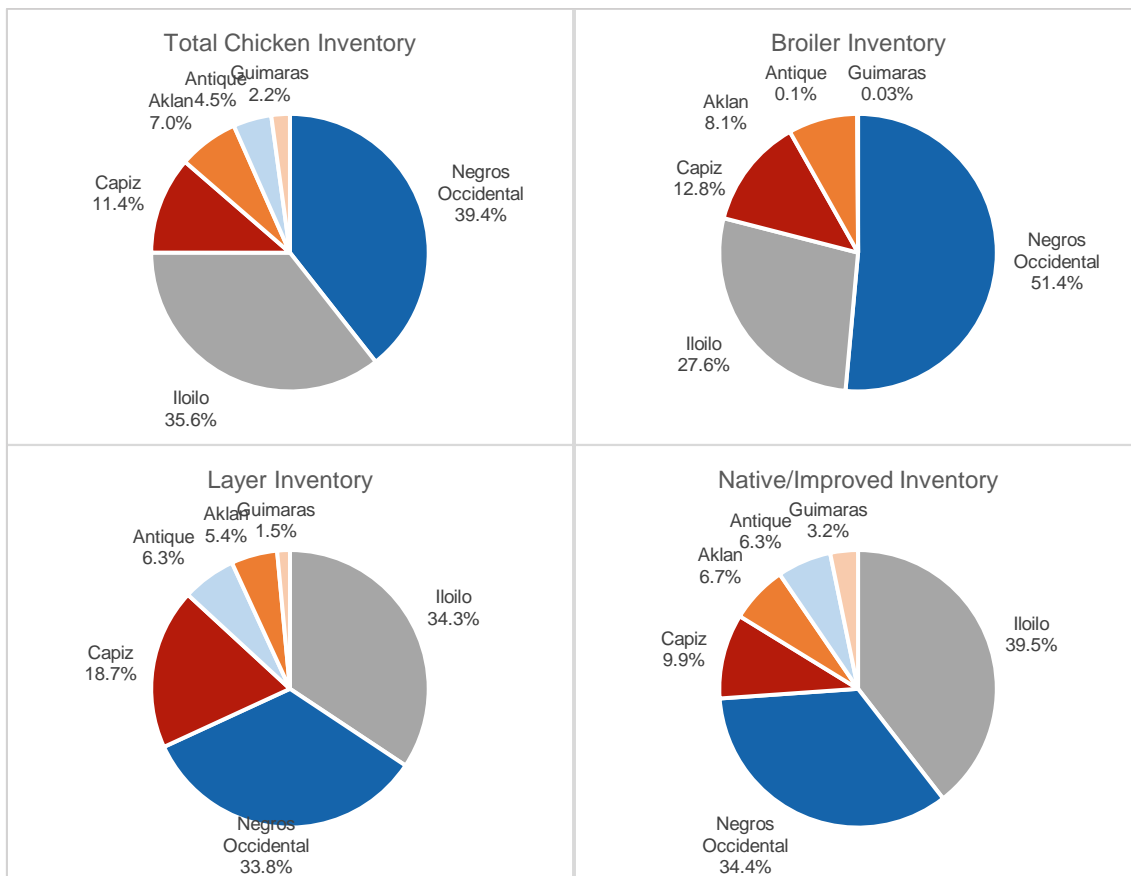
Layer Chicken inventory was recorded at 1,370,736 birds, with Iloilo contributing 34.3 percent, and Negros Occidental with 33.8 percent. Capiz followed, recording about 18.7 percent.

An inventory of 12,712,467 Native/Improved Chickens was recorded in Western Visayas as of 01 October 2023. Native/Improved Chicken accounted about 63.6 percent of the total chicken inventory in the region. Of the Native/Improved Chicken inventory, Iloilo and Negros Occidental had the highest contribution with 34.3 percent, and 33.6 percent, respectively. (Figure 4)

Iloilo and Negros Occidental lead in Duck inventory as of 01 October 2023

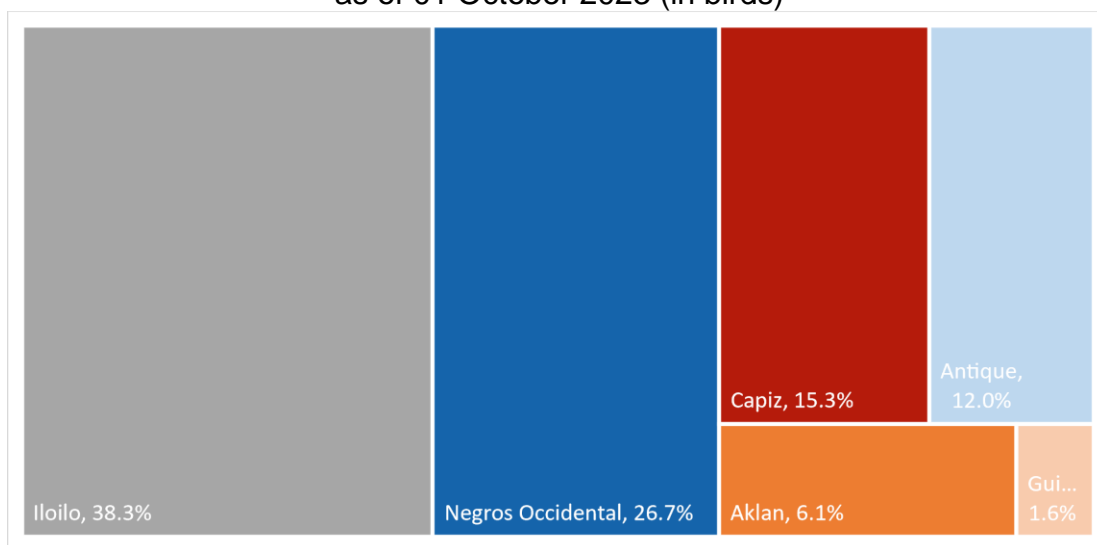
Western Visayas Duck Inventory as of 01 October 2023 was recorded at 1,100,880 birds. The provinces of Iloilo and Negros Occidental were the top contributors, accounting 38.3 percent and 26.7 percent, respectively, to the duck population in the region. (Figure 5)

Figure 4. Chicken Inventory Distribution by Chicken Type and by Province, Western Visayas: as of 01 October 2023 (in birds)



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, www.openstat.gov.ph

Figure 5. Duck Inventory by Province, Western Visayas: as of 01 October 2023 (in birds)



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, www.openstat.gov.ph

TECHNICAL NOTES

Livestock

Farm animals kept or raised for consumption and work. For purposes of census and surveys, livestock covers only those that are tended and raised by household.

Poultry

A collective term for all domesticated avian for the purpose of food consumption or, the carcass of such avian are processed for human consumption.

Slaughterhouse/Dressing Plant

The premises that are approved and registered by a controlling authority in which food animals are slaughtered/dressed for human consumption.

Volume of Production

The number of tended/raised animals disposed for slaughter/dressing including animals shipped-out for slaughter/dressing (in “head/bird” and in “liveweight equivalent”).

Animal Inventory

The actual number of animals (in head/bird) present in the farm as of a specific reference date regardless of ownership.

Broiler


Strains of foreign breeds of chicken, especially raised for meat purposes only.

Layer

Foreign strain chicken regardless of age, raised mainly for egg production.

Native/Improved Chicken

A common backyard fowl that is a mixture of native breeds and foreign breeds which includes Banaba, Bolinao, Kabir, Bantam, Paroakan, and Heritage Chicken.


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